

SAFETY DATA SHEET EC7M - SLOW DRYING FLUX REMOVER, CITRUS BASED

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name EC7M - SLOW DRYING FLUX REMOVER, CITRUS BASED

Product number MCC-EC7ML, MCC-EC7MG, MCC-EC7MP, MCC-EC7MD, MCC-EC7MGL, MCC-EC7MGG

Synonyms; trade names "BIOACT EC7M SOLVENT"

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Application Cleaning agent.

Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier MicroCare LLC

Tel: +1 860-827-0626

Manufacturer MICROCARE LLC

595 John Downey Drive New Britain, CT 06051 United States of America

CAGE: OATV9

Tel: + 1 800 638 0125, +1 860-827-0626

techsupport@microcare.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053 (U.S.A. and CANADA)

1-352-323-3500 (from anywhere in the world)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

Label elements

Hazard symbols







Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing vapor/ spray.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request. RCH001a For use in industrial installations

only.

Contains d-LIMONENE

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

d-LIMONENE 60-100%

CAS number: 5989-27-5

M factor (Acute) = 1 M factor (Chronic) = 1

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

(concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance

withparagraph (i) of CFR 1900.1200

Composition

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

EC7M - SLOW DRYING FLUX REMOVER, CITRUS BASED

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if symptoms

are severe or persist.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Do not

induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel.

Skin Contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any

sensitization symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove

contamination with soap and water or recognized skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention

if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation No specific symptoms known.

Ingestion May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause irritation.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to

skin.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known. May be slightly irritating to eyes.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor

Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder

or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazardsContainers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapors may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or

explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapors.

Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Absorb small quantities with paper towels and evaporate in a safe place. Once evaporation is complete, place paper in a suitable waste disposal container and seal securely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from oxidizing materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

Specific end uses(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or

ingredients.

Eye/face protectionUnless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following

protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the

glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected.

Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body

protection

May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Wear appropriate

clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke

when using this product.

Respiratory protection Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH

approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.

Environmental exposure

controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colorless to pale yellow.

Odor Mild. Citrus.

Odor threshold No information available.

pH Not applicable.Melting point Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and range 169 - 187°C/340 - 372°F @ 101.3 kPa

EC7M - SLOW DRYING FLUX REMOVER, CITRUS BASED

Flash point 49°C/120°F Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup.

Evaporation rate < 1 (butyl acetate = 1)

Evaporation factor No information available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 0.7 %(V) Upper flammable/explosive limit: 6.0 %(V)

Other flammability No information available.

Vapor pressure 0.21 kPa @ 25°C

Vapor density > 1

Relative density 0.84

Bulk density Not applicable.

Solubility(ies) Emulsifiable in water.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Auto-ignition temperature No information available.

Decomposition Temperature No information available.

Viscosity No information available.

Global Warming Potential

(GWP)

Surface tension

Refractive index No information available.

Particle size No information available.

Molecular weight No information available.

Volatility No information available.

Saturation concentration No information available.

Critical temperature No information available.

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 840 g/l.

Heat of vaporization (at boiling

point), cal/g (Btu/lb)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode

when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks

must be prevented.

Materials to avoid Oxidizing materials. Acids - oxidizing.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅o) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3 Not classifiable

as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

7/13

EC7M - SLOW DRYING FLUX REMOVER, CITRUS BASED

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation No specific symptoms known.

Ingestion May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause irritation.

Skin Contact May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to

skin.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs No specific target organs known.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

d-LIMONENE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

5,000.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

5,000.0 ATE oral (mg/kg)

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 5,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

1,000.0

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

1,000.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eve Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

EC7M - SLOW DRYING FLUX REMOVER, CITRUS BASED

Skin sensitization May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration

and the length of exposure.

Inhalation No specific symptoms known.

Ingestion May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause

irritation.

Skin Contact May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness.

Irritating to skin.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs No specific target organs known.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 Very toxic to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients.

d-LIMONENE

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$

EC7M - SLOW DRYING FLUX REMOVER, CITRUS BASED

M factor (Acute)

Acute toxicity - fish EC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.69 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 0.42 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Chronic aquatic toxicity

NOEC 0.001 < NOEC ≤ 0.01

Degradability Rapidly degradable

M factor (Chronic) 1

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

d-LIMONENE

Persistence and

degradability

The degradability of the product is not known.

Biodegradation - Degradation 92.7: 21 days

Bioaccumulative potential

Bio-Accumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

d-LIMONENE

Bio-Accumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

d-LIMONENE

Mobility No data available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

d-LIMONENE

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a

licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is

not feasible.

14. Transport information

UN Number

UN No. (IMDG) 2319

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (TDG) UN2319, TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S., (d-LIMONENE), 3, PGIII

Proper shipping name (IMDG) UN2319, TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S., (d-LIMONENE), 3, PGIII

Proper shipping name (ICAO) UN2319, TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S., (d-LIMONENE), 3, PGIII

Proper shipping name (DOT) UN2319, TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S., (d-LIMONENE), 3, PGIII

Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance



15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA 313 Emission Reporting

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

CAA Accidental Release Prevention

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Essential Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Precursor Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Minnesota "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

New Jersey "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL

DSL

US-TSCA

Present.

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

Not listed.

16. Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

TDG: The transport of dangerous goods act

IATA: International air transport association.

ICAO: Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air.

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods.

CAS: Chemical abstracts service. ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.

LC₅₀: Lethal concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅₀: Lethal dose to 50% of a test population (median lethal dose).

EC₅₀: 50% of maximal effective concentration.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation

Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)
Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Training advice Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision date 6/1/2021

Revision 35

Supersedes date 6/1/2021

SDS No. BULK - EC7M

Hazard statements in full H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.